OVERVIEW

84.1M Population
(World Bank, 2018)

15.5M People in IPC/CH Phase 3 or above
(IPC/CH, Jul 2019-Dec 2019)

36.0M People with insufficient food consumption*
(WFP, May 2020)

8.1% of children
Acute malnutrition
(JOINT MALNUTRITION ESTIMATES – UNICEF, WHO, WORLD BANK, 2013)

42.7% of children
Chronic malnutrition
(JOINT MALNUTRITION ESTIMATES – UNICEF, WHO, WORLD BANK, 2013)

NUTRITION

MACRO-ECONOMIC

No data on import dependency available

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Currency exchange</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>USD/CDF 1,756.0</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

FOOD SECURITY TRENDS

(May 2020)

Number of people with insufficient food consumption*

Data source: WFP (actual data)

Prevalence of insufficient food consumption*

Data source: Trading Economics

NOTES

WFP's Hunger Monitoring Unit conducts continuous food security monitoring via live telephone interviews. Data is collected on a rolling basis and processed daily. Daily updates represent a snapshot of the current food security situation over the past 28/30 calendar days, with a slight time lag of 2-4 days to ensure data quality. More information can be found in the Methodology and Glossary sections on Hunger Map LIVE (hungermap.wfp.org).

To trigger a food consumption (FC) alert, marked deteriorations should meet the threshold of deterioration in FC (from one month to
the next) relevant to the existing percentage of the population that
already has insufficient food consumption (IFC):
- <20% with IFC requires a 23% deterioration in FC from one month to
  the next
- 20-30% with IFC requires a 15% deterioration in FC from one month to
  the next
- >30% with IFC requires a 10% deterioration in FC from one month to
  the next

CONTACTS

Jonathan Rivers
Head, Hunger Monitoring Unit (mVAM)
Rome Headquarters
jonathan.rivers@wfp.org

For more information, visit hungermap.wfp.org
The number of households reporting challenges accessing health services has increased by 0.61M compared to last week.

The number of households reporting challenges accessing markets/grocery stores has increased by 0.52M compared to last week.

The number of households using crisis or emergency livelihood coping strategies has increased by 0.55M compared to last week.