

Ghana (refugees) was selected for inclusion in the GRFC 2024 but did not have data that met GRFC technical requirements.



Ghana (refugees)

There were around 7 000 refugees and nearly 16 000 asylum-seekers in Ghana by the end of 2023 (UNCHR, 2023; IOM, February 2024). Refugees in Ghana were selected for inclusion in the GRFC 2024 for the first time, as the country requested external aid to assist these populations in 2023. However, there is a notable absence of acute food insecurity data on these displaced populations.

Primarily from Côte d'Ivoire and Togo, which are increasingly affected by the Central Sahel crisis, these refugees have experienced severe

livelihood losses, which have limited their access to income and intensified food access constraints. This situation was exacerbated by high food inflation in Ghana which, despite declining from 61 percent in January 2023, remained at 28.7 percent by December 2023 (World Bank, 2024).

Staple cereals such as maize, rice and sorghum saw significant price increases, attributable to increased production and transportation costs and the national currency's depreciation (FAO, November 2023).

■ Data gap